BEGIN MARCH 27, 1960

30.24-10347

A51

PRECEDE ARLES KHRUSHCHEV (360)
BY PRESTON GROVER

MARSEILLE, FRANCE, MARCH 27 (AP)-NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV SWEPT THROUGH THE LEFTWING BELT OF SOUTHERN FRANCE TODAY TO THE WARMEST WELCOME SINCE HE REACHED FRANCE WEDNESDAY.

FROM NIMES TO ARLES TO MARSEILLE, THE BIGGEST OF FRENCH PORTS, IT WAS A RISING VOLUME OF APPLAUSE AND SHOUTING FOR THE SOVIET PREMIER. CROWDS GREW BIGGER AND BIGGER AS HE ARRIVED AT THE CENTER OF MARSEILLE, A STRONG COMMUNIST CITY.

IN THE DRIVE OF SEVERAL MILES THROUGH THE CITY, MANY STREETS WERE LINED FROM END TO END, SEVERAL DEEP. WHEN HE SWUNG INTO THE FAMED CANNEBIERE -- THE FIFTH AVENUE OF MARSEILLE--THE CROWD WAS PRESSED THICKLY AGAINST STEEL BARRIERS.

AT THAT POINT, THE ROAD WAS BARRICADED AND THE CARAVAN SWUNG TO THE RIGHT TO TAKE KHRUSHCHEV TO THE PREFECTURE WHERE HE IS SPENDING THE NIGHT. AN OFFICIAL DINNER WAS GIVEN HIM THERE BUT THERE WERE NO SERIOUS SPEECHES.

HE WAS CLEARLY GETTING TIRED AS THE DAY WORE ON, BUT HIS ENTHUSIASM MOUNTED AS THE CROWDS INCREASED.

KHRUSHCHEV WAS IN GOOD VOICE, IN CONTRAST WITH YESTERDAY WHEN HE WAS HORSE AND CAREFULLY HUSBANDED HIS VOICE. THE CROWDS CHEERED HIM INTO BETTER HUMOR DESPITE THE FACT THAT MUCH OF THE DRIVE WAS THROUGH PELTING RAIN.

THE SIZE OF THE CROWDS WAS HARD TO ESTIMATE. IN MARSEILLE, AUTHORITIES ESTIMATED THE CROWDS IN TENS OF THOUSANDS, THE BIGGEST SINGLE TURNOUT SINCE HIS ARRIVAL IN FRANCE.

THE RAIN HAD LITTLE EFFECT ON THE MARSEILLE TURNOUT. AT SOME INTERSECTIONS THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE WERE MASSED AND CHANTED "KHRUSHCHEV! KHRUSHCHEV!" AS HIS CARAVAN SPED BY.

SPOTTED THROUGH THE CROWDS WERE LITTLE SOVIET FLAGS.

FROM HIS CLOSED CAR, KHRUSHCHEV LEANED FORWARD TO WAVE AT THE CROWDS. THE BIG TURNOUT FOR KHRUSHCHEV HAD BEEN EXPECTED IN MARSEILLE, WHERE MANY DOCKWORKERS AND OTHERS ARE COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBERS.

SECURITY OFFICERS HAD FEARED TROUBLE. THE POLITICS OF MARSEILLE ARE ROUGH AND TUMBLE AND ONLY LAST NIGHT A COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBER WAS KNIFED TO DEATH -- APPARENTLY BY RIVAL RIGHTWINGERS.

AWARE THAT HISTORY CAN REPEAT ITSELF, SECURITY OFFICERS TRIPLED THE GUARD IN FRONT OF THE MARSEILLE STOCK EXCHANGE, WHERE KING ALEXANDER I OF YUGOSLAVIA WAS ASSASSINATED IN 1934. EIGHT MARKSMEN WITH HIGH-POWERED RIFLES COMMANDED THE SCENE FROM ADJACENT ROOFTOPS.

A METAL TABLET A YARD SQUARE, WITH THE SINGLE WORD "PEACE," MARKS THE SPOT. KHRUSHCHEV'S CAR ROLLED PAST THE MARKER. HE SMILED AND WAVED TO THE CROWD, APPARENTLY UNAWARE OF THE HISTORIC SPOT.

KHRUSHCHEV ARRIVED TO SPEND THE SECOND NIGHT OF HIS PROVINCIAL TOUR AFTER ROLLING THROUGH SOUTHERN FRANCE, GESTURING LIKE A VICTORIOUS PRIZE FIGHTER AND EXTOLLING SOVIET AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRY.

THE EXPANSIVE X X X SECOND GRAF A25 UNDER ARLES DATE
TD/GG339PES

A25

KHRUSHCHEV BUDGET (500)
BY PRESTON GROVER

ARLES, FRANCE, MARCH 27 (AP)-NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV ROLLED THROUGH SOUTHERN FRANCE TODAY GESTURING TO CROWDS LIKE A VICTORIOUS PRIZE FIGHTER AND EXTOLLING SOVIET RUSSIAN AGRICULTURE AND INFUSTRY.

THE EXPANSIVE SOVIET PREMIER CAST FORMALITY ASIDE WHERE POSSIBLE TO GET ON A HAND-SHAKING BASIS WITH CROWDS THAT LINED HIS ROUTE DESPITE STEADY RAINS AND CHEERED HIM.

KHRUSHCHEV LADLED OUT COMPLIMENTS AND POLITE PHRASES BUT FOLLOWED UP AT HALF A DOZEN SPOTS WITH CLAIMS THAT SOVIET AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRY WERE SURPASSING THAT OF OTHER NATIONS.

HIS SPIRITS APPEARED ON THE RISE AS HIS TOUR OF THE PROVINCES MOVED THROUGH ITS SECOND DAY. THIS FRENCH HOSTS APPARENTLY ALSO BEGAN TO RELAX A LITTLE.

KHRUSHCHEV HAD MOVED OUT OF A REGION WHERE CONSERVATIVE INDEPENDENTS AND CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS ARE DOMINANT. THEY GAVE HIM A COOL, RESTRAINED RECEPTION YESTERDAY. NOW HE WAS IN COUNTRY WHERE THE COMMUNIST PARTY IS STRONG.

HE SET THE TONE FOR HIS DAY AFTER BREAKFAST IN PAU. HE WAS INTO THE STREET SHAKING HANDS AND HANDING OUT SPUTNIK BUTTONS BEFORE ANYONE REALIZED WHAT WAS UP. THE IMPROMPTU TOUR THREW HIS SCHEDULE BEHIND FOR THE REST OF THE DAY.

AMONG THE CROWD ACROSS THE STREET WAS AMEDEE LOUSTAU, THE LOCAL COMMUNIST PARTY RECEPTION COMMITTEE CHIEF WHO HAD BEEN FROZEN OUT OF THINGS BY THE NON-COMMUNIST CITY OFFICIALS. KHRUSHCHEV SMILINGLY SHOOK HIS HAND AND SAID "KEEP UP THE GOOD WORK" WHEN LOUSTAU RECOUNTED HIS DIFFICULTIES.

KHRUSHCHEV LEFT PAU BY PLANE FOR THE FRENCH MILITARY BASE AT ISTRES AND PROCEEDED BY CAR THROUGH THE BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY OF NIMES AND ARLES THAT BEDAZZLED THE PAINTER VAN GOGH.

THROUGH THE COUNTRYSIDE CROWDS WERE THIN BUT IN THE POPULOUS AREAS THE TURNOUT WAS GOOD DESPITE THE RAIN. SEVERAL THOUSANDS WERE ON HAND AT ARLES AND ABOUT 5,000 AT NIMES. MANY HAD LITTLE SOVIET FLAGS THAT THEY KEPT DRY UNDER COATS AND UMBRELLAS AND WHIPPED OUT TO WAVE WHEN KHRUSHCHEV APPROACHED.

"KHRUSHCHEV' KHRUSHCHEV!" THE CROWDS SHOUTED, KHRUSHCHEV SMILED AND WAVED FROM HIS CLOSED CAR.

WHILE KHRUSHCHEV STRUCK MAINLY TO POLITE SPEECHES HE NONETHELESS GOT IN ANOTHER DIG AT THE MAIN TARGET OF HIS FRENCH VISIT--HIS EXPRESSED FEAR OF A REBIRTH OF GERMAN MILITARISM.

IN AN OFF THE CUFF SPEECH AT THE PREFECTURE IN NIMES, KHRUSHCHEV TOLD THE LOCAL OFFICIALS:

"WE DO NOT WISH TO SEE KINDLED THE FLAMES OF A NEW WAR. IT IS FOR THAT REASON THAT WE RESOLUTELY RISE UP AGAINST THE REBIRTH, IN THE HEART OF EUROPE, OF GERMAN MILITARISM AND THE GERMAN SPIRIT OF REVENGE."

AT A VAST IRRGIATION PROJECT NEAR NIMES, KHRUSHCHEV GOT INTO A GOOD NATURED ARGUMENT WITH THE DIRECTOR OF THE PROJECT, PHILIPPE LAMOUR.

LAMOUR GOT IT STARTED BY TELLING KHRUSHCHEV THAT A MAIN CROP HERE WAS CORN, A SUBJECT KNOWN TO BE DEAR TO THE SOVIET PREMIER. LAMOUR CITED HIS PRODUCTION FIGURES AND KHRUSHCHEV RETORTED THAT SOME UKRAINIAN FIGURES TOPPED THEM BY ONE THIRD.

AFTER THE IRRIGATION PROJECT, KHRUSHCHEV PROCEEDED TO NIMES AND THEN TO VISIT THE RUINS OF AN ANCIENT ARENA BUILT BY THE ROMANS IN THE TIME O CHRIST.

AT ARLES, THE KHRUSHCHEV FAMILY WAS LED INTO AN OLD HISTORIC THEATER WHERE THE LOCAL PEOPLE DRESSED IN THE BRIGHT SKIRTS AND BLOUSES OF THE COUNTRYSIDE STAGED A ROUSING DANCE ROUTINE.

A CROWD OF SEVERAL THOUSAND WAS MASSED OUTSIDE THE THEATER TO CHEER KHRUSHCHEV OFF ON HIS DRIVE TO MARSEILLE. SEVERAL RAISED BANNERS PRINTED IN RUSSIAN SAYING "WELCOME" AND "PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP."

RA126AES

A131

MOSCOW, MARCH 27 (AP)-THE SOVIET PRESS TODAY CONTINUED TO PRESENT PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S TOUR OF FRANCE AS ONE LONG TRIUMPH, BUT IT MADE NO ATTEMPT TO CONVINCE READERS THAT FRENCH LISTENERS GREETED WITH ENTHUSIASM THE ATTACKS ON WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER OR WARNINGS AGAINST GERMAN MILITARISM.

PRAVDA AT THE TOP OF ITS FRONT PAGE RAN A PHOTO OF KHRUSHCHEV SHAKING HANDS WITH A CROWD OUTSIDE THE FRENCH MINT.

HEADLINES AND SO-CALLED DIARIES ON THE TRIP STRESS THAT THE SOVIET LEADER IS ON A VISIT OF PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP AND THAT HE IS MAKING A TREMENDOUS HIT WITH THE FRENCH.

JA937PES

A32

KHRUSHCHEV BOMB BUDGET (430)

EDITOR'S NOTE--THE FOLLOWING STORY, HITHERTO UNPUBLISHED, WAS BROUGHT BACK FROM AFGHANISTAN BY AP CORRESPONDENT WATSON S. SIMS, WHO WENT TO KABUL TO COVER THE VISIT OF NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV.

--DASH--

BY WATSON S. SIMS

NEW DELHI, INDIA, MARCH 27 (AP)-A STORY MAKING THE ROUNDS OF THE DIPLOMATIC COLONY IN KABUL INVOLVES SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV--AND A BOMB.

THE BOMB WAS PLANTED IN A ROAD OVER WHICH KHRUSHCHEV WAS TO PASS IN A CAR ON HIS ARRIVAL AT KABUL, SAYS THE STORY CREDITED BY MANY DIPLOMATS IN THAT CAPITAL OF AFGHANISTAN. THERE WAS NO OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION.

KHRUSHCHEV ARRIVED IN AFGHANISTAN MARCH 2 AT THE END OF A TOUR WHICH HAD TAKEN HIM TO INDIA, BURMA AND INDONESIA. HE REMAINED IN AFGHANISTAN UNTIL MARCH 5. REPORTERS COVERING THE TOUR SAW NO UNTOWARD INCIDENT AND FOUND HIS RECEPTION GENERALLY WARM.

THE BOMB STORY WAS NOT HEARD UNTIL AFTER KHRUSHCHEV LEFT. WITH VERY LITTLE VARIATION, SEVERAL DIPLOMATIC SOURCES GAVE THIS ACCOUNT:

THE BOMB WAS DISCOVERED FEB. 27--FOUR DAYS BEFORE KHRUSHCHEV'S ARRIVAL--WHEN SOVIET SECURITY POLICE ACCOMPANIED AFGHAN OFFICIALS ON A PAINSTAKING EXAMINATION OF THE ROUTE THE PREMIER WAS TO FOLLOW. IT HAD BEEN LAID UNDER THE ACCESS ROAD TO BAGRAM AIRPORT--A HUGE SOVIET-BUILT MILITARY FIELD WHERE PRESIDENT EISENHOWER ALSO BEGAN HIS VISIT TO AFGHANISTAN LAST YEAR.

BAGRAM IS REACHED BY FOLLOWING A 30-MILE ROAD OVER THE MOUNTAINS RINGING KABUL. THEN TURNING OFF ON AN ACCESS ROAD WHICH WINDS FOR FOUR MILES FLAT LAND TO THE AIRPORT.

THE BOMB WAS OF THE TRIPWIRE TYPE, BUT NO WIRE WAS ATTACHED WHEN IT WAS SNATCHED FROM THE ROAD OVER WHICH KHRUSHCHEV LATER PASSED WITH KING ZAHIR SHAH AND PRIME MINISTER MOHAMMED DAUD.

ON FEB. 29, AFGHAN POLICE STRUCK SHARPLY AMONG SUSPECTED TROUBLEMAKERS. MORE THAN A DOZEN PERSONS WERE ROUNDED UP AND ARE STILL AWAITING TRIAL.

SOME HINTS OF TROUBLE IN KABUL HAD LEAKED OUT PREVIOUSLY, DESPITE TIGHT SECURITY MEASURES.

THE TROUBLE WAS THAT THE HINTS APPEARED IN THE PRESS OF PAKISTAN --AND AFGHANISTAN-PAKISTAN RELATIONS ARE SO BITTER THAT NEUTRAL OBSERVERS GENERALLY DISCREDIT MOST OF WHAT THE PRESS OF EITHER NATION SAYS ABOUT THE OTHER.

THUS LITTLE ATTENTION WAS PAID OUTSIDE PAKISTAN TO A REPORT CARRIED BY NEWSPAPERS OF THAT COUNTRY ON MARCH 2 THAT THERE HAD BEEN A WAVE OF ARRESTS IN KABUL IN ADVANCE OF KHRUSHCHEV'S ARRIVAL.

THIS REPORT CLAIMED THE AFGHAN GOVERNMENT ROUNDED UP PERSONS WHO WANTED TO STAGE A DEMONSTRATION AGAINST THE SOVIET PREMIER. PAKISTANI REPORTS SAID THE DEMONSTRATORS WANTED TO PROTEST AGAINST WHAT THEY FELT WAS A TOO FRIENDLY RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MOSLEM AFGHANISTAN AND COMMUNIST RUSSIA.

1960

THE STORY COULD HAVE BEEN PART OF A HOT PROPAGANDA BATTLE BETWEEN AFGHANISTAN AND PAKISTAN, AND ATTRACTED LITTLE ATTENTION UNTIL SUBSTANTIATED ACCOUNTS BEGAN ARRIVING FROM OTHER SOURCES.

EVEN NOW DIPLOMATS CAN NOT BE ABSOLUTELY CERTAIN THERE WAS A BOMB OR, IF SO, HOW IT CAME TO BE PLANTED ON THE LONELY ROAD 30 MILES NORTH OF KABUL. BUT THEY NOTE IT IS NOT THE SORT OF INCIDENT THAT GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WOULD BE LIKELY TO TALK ABOUT IN AFGHANISTAN --EVEN IF IT HAPPENED.

BC155PES

A24

BRITISH NUCLEAR BUDGET (430)

BY JOHN GALE

LONDON, MARCH 27 (AP)-THE BRITISH LABOR PARTY LEADER, HUGH GAITSKELL, TODAY URGED ACCEPTANCE OF SOVIET TERMS FOR BANNING NUCLEAR WEAPONS TEST. HIS ACTION DEMONSTRATED BRITISH UNITY ON THIS ISSUE.

GAITSKELL SAID HE WISHED PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN SUCCESS IN HIS WASHINGTON TALKS WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER IF THE PURPOSE OF HIS MISSION IS TO PERSUADE THE UNITED STATES TO AGREE TO THE RUSSIAN PLAN.

"LET US REMEMBER THE AWFUL CONSEQUENCES IF NEGOTIATIONS WERE TO BREAK DOWN AND TESTS WERE TO BE RESUMED BY EVERYBODY," HE SAID IN A SPEECH TO A LABOR PARTY MEETING IN SCOTLAND.

THE NATION'S OPPOSITION LEADER SAID THE GREAT POWERS HAD NOW PERHAPS A LAST CHANCE TO END THE POISONING OF THE ATMOSPHERE BY NUCLEAR BLASTS.

WITH ONLY ONE CONDITION, THE RUSSIANS HAD ACCEPTED AMERICAN PROPOSALS FOR A CONTROLLED BAN ON BIG DETECTABLE NUCLEAR TESTS, PROVIDING A MORATORIUM IS DECLARED ON SMALL UNDERGROUND BLASTS.

"I DO MOST EARNESTLY HOPE THAT BRITAIN AND AMERICA WILL ACCEPT THIS CONDITION AND CONCLUDE AN AGREEMENT WITHOUT FURTHER DELAY," GAITSKELL SAID. "IF IT IS THE PURPOSE OF THE PRIME MINISTER'S VISIT TO WASHINGTON TO PERSUADE THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT TO DO THIS, I WISH HIM EVERY POSSIBLE SUCCESS."

BY THROWING THE WEIGHT OF HIS LABOR MOVEMENT BEHIND MACMILLAN, HE SIGNIFIED THE DETERMINATION OF ALL POLITICAL PARTIES IN BRITAIN TO SALVAGE SOMETHING FROM THE PROLONGED NUCLEAR TALKS IN GENEVA AND THE COMING SUMMIT MEETING WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV.

THE LABORITE LEADER EMPHASIZED THAT RUSSIA'S DEMAND FOR A MORATORIUM ON SMALL AND UNDETECTABLE UNDERGROUND BLASTS SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED TO OBSTRUCT A WIDER AGREEMENT.

"IT MAY BE SAID THAT THE SOVIET DICTATORSHIP CAN CARRY OUT THESE SMALL TESTS WITHOUT ANYONE KNOWING WHILE THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT OPERATING UNDER THE LIGHT OF DEMOCRATIC PUBLICITY COULD NOT DO SO," HE SAID.

"BUT TO THIS I WOULD REPLY "WE HAVE BEEN PRECISELY IN THIS POSITION FOR THE PAST 18 MONTHS". THE THREE POWERS HAVE KNDERTAKEN TO MAKE NO TESTS AND SO FAR AS WE KNOW, NONE HAS BEEN MADE.

"BUT THERE HAVE BEEN NO CONTROLS TO SEE THAT THE PROMISES ARE KEPT."

GAITSKELL CONCLUDED THAT THE RISKS OF ACCEPTING THE SOVIET PLAN WERE NO GREATER THAN THOSE TAKEN SINCE VOLUNTARY TEST BAN BEGAN OPERATING IN 1958 AND DECLARED:

"THE NEW PROPOSAL AT LEAST OFFERS A SUBSTANTIAL ADVANCE ON THIS FOR IT INTRODUCES CONTROL OVER A WIDE RANGE AND CONTINUES TO RELY ON PROMISES ALONE ONLY FOR SMALLER TESTS."

ON GENERAL DISARMAMENT, GAITSKELL SAID HE COULD SEE NO "IRRECONCILABLE DIFFERENCE" BETWEEN THE WEST AND THE SOVIET BLOC. HE REVIVED DEMANDS FOR A PLAN, ADVANCED FROM TIME TO TIME BY BRITAIN, FOR SETTING UP A SPECIAL ZONE OF CONTROLED DISARMAMENT IN CENTRAL EUROPE.

"THE RUSSIANS HAVE INDICATED THAT THEY WOULD ACCEPT THIS," HE SAID. "I CAN SEE NO REASON WHY THE WEST SHOULD NOT DO SO TOO.

MG114PES

30.24-10349

A155 (260)
NEW YORK, MARCH 27 (AP)-FIVE SOVIET DIPLOMATS APPEARED ON A TELEVISION PANEL SHOW TONIGHT AND PROCEEDED TO DISCLOSE SOME STARTLING INFORMATION.

THEY REVEALED, AMONG OTHERS, A TASTE--NOT COLLECTIVE--FOR TV SHOOT-'EM-UPS, A LOVE OF CARNEGIE HALL, A FONDNESS FOR HENRY FONDA AND A GENIAL REGARD FOR AMERICANS AS FRIENDLY, HOSPITABLE AND EASYGOING FOLKS.

FIVE MEMBERS OF THE RUSSIAN DELEGATION TO THE UNITED NATIONS DROPPED THESE FACTS DURING A TAPED, TWO-HOUR ROUND TABLE DISCUSSION WITH MODERATOR DAVID SUSSKIND ON WNTA-TV'S "OPEN END" PROGRAM.

WHEN THE TALK WAS PERSONAL, THE DIPLOMATS SPOKE WITHOUT APPARENT CONSTRAINT LAUGHING, JOKING AND SEEMINGLY HAVING A FINE TIME. THEY SPOKE ENGLISH WITH VARYING DEGREES OF FLUENCY.

HAD THE KREMLIN BEEN TUNED IN, IT PROBABLY WOULD HAVE DETECTED NO DARING DEVIATIONS IN THE POLITICAL LINE. FOR WHEN QUESTIONS TURNED TO IOLITICS, THE ENVOYS DIDN'T SMILE. THEY MADE IT PLAIN THAT SUCH SUBJECTS ARE NO LAUGHING MATTER FOR THEM.

BUT THERE WAS GAIETY IN THE DISCUSSION OF THEIR PERSONAL LIVES AND EVEN A GUFFAW OR TWO.

DELEGATION CHIEF ARKADY A. SOBOLEV SPOKE WARMLY OF THE CONGENIAL QUALITIES IN THE AMERICAN PEOPLE. VLADIMIR P. SUSLOV REVEALED HIMSELF AS A MUSIC-LOVER DISTRESSED BY THE CONTEMPLATED DESTRUCTION OF CARNEGIE HALL FOR A NEWER SHRINE TO MUSIC.

NIKOLAI I. BUROV CONFESSED A WEAKNESS FOR HENRY FONDA'S ACTING AS WELL AS A LIKING FOR THE MUSICAL "MY FAIR LADY."

VALENTIN I. OBERENKO INDICATED THAT HE DOTED ON TELEVISION WESTERNS. HIS COLLEAGUE, KONSTANTIN G. FEDOSEYEV, THE DELEGATION'S SENIOR POLITICAL AFFAIRS ADVISER, EXPLAINED THAT HE HIMSELF HAS NO TV SET. BUT HE BETRAYED A KEEN KNOWLEDGE OF HORSE OPERAS NONETHELESS.

JA1139PES

1960

A128 (210)
BY A. I. GOLDBERG
MOSCOW, MARCH 27 (AP)-PREMIER D. S. POLYANSKY OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATED REPUBLIC TICKED OFF TODAY WHAT HE LIKED AND WHAT HE DISLIKED ON HIS RECENT TOUR OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE LEADER OF THE GROUP THAT RETURNED A VISIT BY A PARTY OF U.S. GOVERNORS TO THE SOVIET UNION LIKED AMERICAN SUPERMARKETS--HE CALLED THEM COVERED MARKET SHOPS--AMONG OTHER THINGS.

WRITING IN THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER PRAVDA, POLYANSKY SAID HE LIKED THE GREAT STOCKS OF WELL-PACKAGED FOODS AND OTHER PRODUCTS, AUTOMATION AND MECHANIZATION IN THE STEEL AND COAL INDUSTRIES, THE MAINTENANCE OF TOLL HIGHWAYS AND THE MATERIALS IN BUILDINGS.

POLYANSKY DID NOT LIKE UNEMPLOYMENT IN WEST VIRGINIA, HIGH RENTS, THE COST OF MEDICAL CARE, VSTIGES OF THE COLD WAR, AND WHAT HE CALLED THE INSULATION OF AMERICAN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS FROM FACTS ABOUT THE SOVIET UNION.

HE TOLD PRAVDA READERS ABOUT "WHITES ONLY" SIGNS IN THE SOUTH. HE SAID SOME FACTORIES REPRESENTED "AMERICA OF YESTERDAY" BECAUSE THEY USED OUTDATED EQUIPMENT. HE SAID HEALTH RESORTS SEEMED DESIGNED ONLY FOR THE RICH.

THOUSANDS OF SMALL FARMERS HAVE BEEN SQUEEZED OFF THEIR LAND BY BIG MECHANIZED FARMS, POLYANSKY SAID. BUT HE NOTED A GROWTH IN FARM COOPERATIVES.

AS THE RICHEST CAPITALIST COUNTRY, POLYANSKY SAID, THE UNITED STATES HAS DEVELOPED A GREAT VARIETY OF PRODUCTION IN CONSUMER GOODS "BUT RICHES ARE IN THE HANDS OF THE FEW."

JA930PES

A69WX
ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M. EST TODAY
(470) MISSILES
BY EDWIN B. HAAKINSON
(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 27 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES IS DEVELOPING A ROCKET ENGINE MORE THAN TWICE AS LARGE AS THE SOVIETS NOW HAVE, DR. HERBERT F. YORK, THE PENTAGON'S RESEARCH CHIEF, SAID TODAY.

AT THE SAME TIME, YORK CONCEDED THAT RUSSIA'S PRESENT ROCKET IS ABOUT TWICE AS BIG AS OURS WHICH, HE SAID, GIVES THEM A DECIDED ADVANTAGE FOR THE PRESENT.

DESPITE THEIR LESSER THRUST, PRESENT U. S. LONG RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILES ARE "ADEQUATE TO DO THE JOB THEY WERE DESIGNED TO DO," YORK TOLD SEN. PRESCOTT BUSH (R-CONN) IN AN INTERVIEW RECORDED FOR USE OVER CONNECTICUT RADIO-TV STATIONS.

YORK AGREED WITH BUSH THAT THIS COUNTRY HAD MOVED QUICKLY IN THE MISSILE FIELD AFTER A LONG LULL BETWEEN THE END OF WORLD WAR II AND 1952.

YORK, THE PENTAGON'S DIRECTOR OF DEFENSE RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING, SAID THE ATLAS, FIRST OF THE U. S. OCEAN-SPANNING NUCLEAR WEAPONS, HAS BECOME OPERATIONAL MUCH SOONER THAN ANTICIPATED.

MISSILE EXPERTS SAID YORK WAS REFERRING TO THE SATURN PROJECT, NOW UNDER THE CIVILIAN NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION AFTER BEING STARTED BY THE ARMY AND LATER SHIFTED TO THE PENTAGON'S ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY.

SATURN INVOLVES A CLUSTER OF EIGHT ROCKET ENGINES DEVELOPED FROM THE ARMY'S JUPITER MISSILE, EACH EXPECTED TO HAVE A THRUST OF 165,000 POUNDS OR MORE. THESE SHOULD PRODUCE A FORCE OF BETWEEN 1 AND 1 1/2 MILLION POUNDS.

U. S. SOURCES RATE THE PRESENT SOVIET ICBM THRUST AT NEAR 800,000 POUNDS COMPARED WITH ABOUT 400,000 POUNDS FOR THE ATLAS AND TITAN ICBMS.

YORK SAID THE ATLAS NOW WILL DELIVER A PAYLOAD OF MORE THAN ONE MEGATON, WHICH HE DESCRIBED AS "AN ENORMOUS AMOUNT OF EXPLOSIVE POWER; INTERCONTINENTAL DISTANCES, MEANING 5,000, 7,000, 9,000 MILES; WITH A VERY HIGH DEGREE OF ACCURACY."

A MEGATON IS EQUIVALENT TO THE BLAST FORCE OF ONE MILLION TONS OF TNT.

"WE HAVE OTHER MISSILES COMING ALONG WHICH WILL DO THE SAME THING," YORK SAID.

HE ADDED THAT THE SOVIETS NOW HAVE INTERCONTINENTAL MISSILES THAT CAN "CARRY MORE THAN A MEGATON" AND PRESUMABLY ARE ACCURATE.

ASKED BY BUSH TO DESCRIBE THEM, YORK REPLIED:

"ALL YOU CAN REALLY SAY IS THAT THEY ARE ADEQUATE TO DO THE JOB THEY WERE DESIGNED TO DO...

"THE IDEA IS TO DELIVER A VERY LARGE PAYLOAD WITH VERY GOOD ACCURACY OVER A GREAT DISTANCE, AND THEY CAN BOTH DO THAT."

YORK SAID THAT FOR MILITARY NEEDS NOW THE LARGER THRUSTS OF THE SOVIET MISSILE ENGINE WAS "NOT PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT. ONCE THE ROCKET IS BIG ENOUGH TO DELIVER A BIG ENOUGH WARHEAD, THAT'S ENOUGH."

"FOR SPACE EXPLORATION, A BIGGER ROCKET IS DEFINITELY NEEDED," YORK SAID EVEN THOUGH THE FIRST U. S. "MAN IN SPACE PROGRAM WILL IN FACT BE ACCOMPLISHED BY THE PRESENT ICBM."

IN ANOTHER COMPARISON OF U.S.-SOVIET MISSILES, SEN. KENNETH B. KEATING (R-NY) SAID THE POLARIS "IS THE MOST PROMISING WEAPON IN THE U. S. NAVY ARSENAL."

THE POLARIS IS A BALLISTIC MISSILE FIRED FROM A NUCLEAR-POWERED SUBMARINE WHILE IT IS SUBMERGED OR SURFACED.

"KEATING, IN A RECORDED INTERVIEW FOR USE OVER NEW YORK TV STATIONS,

SAID THE RUSSIANS NOW HAVE "UNDERWATER-TO-SURFACE MISSILES FOR USE ON LONGRANGE SUBMARINES AGAINST CITIES ALONG SEACOASTS."

"ALTHOUGH THESE MISSILES HAVE BEEN FIRED FROM 300 FEET BELOW THE SURFACE OF THE SEA TO A LAND TARGET," HE SAID, THEY ARE SHORTER RANGE AND ARE NOT FROM NUCLEAR-POWERED SUBMARINES.

EG5PES

A50FX
(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6:30 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME SUNDAY MARCH 27)

POLARIS (210)

(ADVANCE)--SUNNYVALE, CALIF., MARCH 27 (AP)-A DUMMY POLARIS MISSILE WHICH BEHAVES SOMETHING LIKE A PORPOISE IS BEING TESTED IN THE PACIFIC OFF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

TO SIMULATE THE LAUNCHING OF AN ATOM-BOMB CARRYING POLARIS FROM A SUBMERGED SUBMARINE, THIS HARMLESS GADGET IS SET OFF BY COMPRESSED AIR FROM AN UNDERWATER DEVICE NEAR SAN CLEMENTE ISLAND.

HALF THE DUMMY'S WEIGHT IS WATER. THE MINUTE IT BREAKS THE OCEAN SURFACE ITS WATER LOAD IS EJECTED UPWARD. THIS COUNTERACTS THE UPWARD KMOMENTUM OF THE TEST MISSILE AND IT DROPS BACK TO THE OCEAN SURFACE AFTER RISING ONLY A FEW FEET. MINUS ITS WATER, IT IS LIGHT ENOUGH TO FLOAT, AND CAN BE RECOVERED FOR RE-USE.

FOR THESE ANTICS AT THE SURFACE THE TEST MISSILE HAS BEEN DUBBED THE DOLPHIN. IT WAS DEVELOPED BY THE LOCKHEED AIRCRAFT MISSILES AND SPACE DIVISIONJM IT IS ROUGHLY THE SAME SIZE AND WEIGHT AS THE 1200-MILE POLARIS ITSELF. THIS MEANS IT IS ABOUT 28 FEET TALL, BETWEEN FOUR AND FIVE FEET IN DIAMETER AND WEIGHS AROUND 30,000 POUNDS.

THE NOSE OF THE DUMMY IS A CONE-LIKE OBJECT DESIGNED TO CARRY INSTRUMENTS. WHEN THE DUMMY FALLS BACK TO THE OCEAN SURFACE THE NOSE IS DETACHED AND COMES DOWN BY PARACHUTE FOR EASY RECOVERY.

AFTER ONE MORE SERIES OF SAN CLEMENTE TESTS, THE COMPANY SAID, DUMMIES WILL BE SENT TO EACH OF THE FLEET BALLISTIC MISSILE SUBMARINES FOR FURTHER TESTS AND TRAINING OF CREWS IN LAUNCHING OPERATIONS.

THE NAVY HAS LAUNCHED FIVE SUBMARINES DESIGNED FOR POLARIS, HAS ANOTHER ABOUT TO BE LAUNCHED, AND FOUR MORE UNDER CONSTRUCTION. EACH IS DESIGNED TO CARRY 16 MISSILES.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6:30 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME SUNDAY MARCH 27)

JW/KW1229PPS NM

1960

A31

SUDETEN BUDGET (420)

BY HERB ALTSCHULL

BONN, GERMANY, MARCH 27 (AP)-A MEMBER OF CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER'S CABINET DEMANDED TODAY THAT THE SUDETEN GERMANS, WHO WERE EXPELLED FROM CZECHOSLOVAKIA AFTER WORLD WAR II, BE GIVEN THE RIGHT TO RETURN TO THEIR HOMELAND.

THE STATEMENT WAS MADE BY HANS-CHRISTOPH SEEBOHM, MINISTER OF TRANSPORTATION AND A NATIVE OF THE SUDETEN REGION OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

IT WAS THE SUDETEN QUESTION WHICH BROUGHT ABOUT THE APPEASEMENT OF MUNICH IN 1938 WHEN BRITAIN AND FRANCE, IN THE "PEACE-IN-OUR-TIME" AGREEMENT, GAVE THE REGION TO ADOLF HITLER AND THE GERMAN REICH.

SEEBOHM DID NOT CALL FOR THE USE OF FORCE IN HIS SPEECH TODAY. "WE DON'T WANT TO FIGHT FOR FREEDOM WITH FORCE," HE SAID. "WHAT GOOD WOULD IT DO FOR US TO HAVE A DEVASTATED HOMELAND?"

BUT HE CALLED ON THE THREE MILLION SUDETEN GERMANS IN WEST GERMANY TO LEAD THE "BATTLE FOR THE RIGHTS OF HOME RULE AND SELF-DETERMINATION NOT ONLY IN THE SUDETENLAND BUT FOR ALL THE PEOPLES OF EASTERN EUROPE WHO LIVE UNDER BOLSHEVIST IMPERIALISM."

SEEBOHM HAS BEEN UNDER SHARP ATTACK BY THE CZECH GOVERNMENT IN RECENT MONTHS. THE CZECHS HAVE SINGLED HIM OUT AS PROOF OF THEIR ARGUMENT THAT NAZI IDEAS STILL FLOURISH IN THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT. THE ADENAUER GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER, HAS NEVER MADE CLAIM TO THE SUDETEN TERRITORY. IT SEEKS A RETURN TO THE GERMAN FRONTIERS OF 1937. AT THAT TIME THE SUDETEN TERRITORY BELONGED TO CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

THE WORD "SUDETEN" REFERS TO A MOUNTAIN CHAIN IN NORTHERN CZECHOSLOVAKIA. IT WAS THERE THAT A GROUP OF GERMANS SETTLED IN THE MIDDLE OF THE 19TH CENTURY. AT THAT TIME THE AREA WAS PART OF THE AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE.

THE COUNTRY CZECHOSLOVAKIA WAS CREATED IN THE VERSAILLES PEACE TREATY ENDING WORLD WAR I. THE SUDETEN GERMANS SOUGHT TO BECOME PART OF GERMANY THEN BUT THIS WAS DENIED THEM. NAZISM FOUND ROOT EARLY IN THE SUDETEN TERRITORY, WHICH PRODUCED A NUMBER OF THE MOST MILITANT FOLLOWERS OF HITLER.

THE NAZI FUEHRER THREATENED WAR IN 1938 IN ORDER TO ANNEX THE TERRITORY AND BRITAIN AND FRANCE AGREED AT THE MUNICH CONFERENCE TO GIVE IT TO HIM IN RETURN FOR A PROMISE NOT TO SEEK ANY MORE TERRITORY. ALL OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA WAS ANNEXED LATER BY THE GERMANS.

SEEBOHM, WHO IS SPEAKER FOR THE SUDETEN GERMAN UNION, MADE HIS DEMAND IN A FERVENT ADDRESS TO THE NORTH RHINE-WESTPHALIA DIVISION OF THE UNION, CELEBRATING ITS 10TH ANNIVERSARY. SUDETEN GERMANS, HE DECLARED, DEMAND "THE RIGHTS OF HOME RULE AND SELF-DETERMINATION."

ANOTHER SPEAKER, LEO SCHUBERT, HEAD OF THE NORTH RHINE-WESTPHALIA DIVISION, SAID GEORGES CLEMENCEAU, THE FORMER FRENCH PREMIER, WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PLIGHT OF SUDETEN GERMANS TODAY. HE SAID CLEMENCEAU AT THE VERSAILLES PEACE TREATY TALKS SHOWED THAT "HE CARRIED IN HIMSELF AN ALMOST OLD TESTAMENT HATRED OF GERMANY."

"IF DURING THE VERSAILLES TREATY NEGOTIATIONS," HE SAID, "WOODROW WILSON HAD NOT BEEN SO SICK--AS FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT WAS WHEN HE NEGOTIATED WITH THE SOVIET UNION OVER THE FUTURE FATE OF GERMANY DURING WORLD WAR II--THINGS WOULD NOT HAVE WORKED OUT AS TRAGICALLY AS THEY HAVE."

BC145PES

1960

A129 (190)

BY GEORGE BOULTWOOD

KOENIGSWINTER, GERMANY, MARCH 27 (AP)-ANTI-GERMAN FEELING IN BRITAIN AND GERMAN SUSPICION OF BRITISH MOTIVES WERE DESCRIBED TODAY AS GRAVE DANGERS TO THE WESTERN ALLIANCE.

THESE VIEWS WERE REPORTED ON THE FINAL DAY OF A THREE-DAY CONFERENCE F THE ANGLO-GERMAN SOCIETY, BRINGING TOGETHER POLITICIANS, JOURNALISTS AND OFFICIALS OF THE TWO COUNTRIES.

R.C. BROOMAN-WHITE, CONSERVATIVE GOVERNMENT WHIP IN BRITAIN, SAID GERMAN SUSPICION OF BRITAIN APPEARED TO "BE BASED ON FANTASIES AND A TOTALLY ERRONEOUS BELIEF THAT THE BRITISH ATTITUDE OVER BERLIN AND SUCH INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS HAS WEAKENED.

ROBERT BIRLEY, HEADMASTER OF ETON, THE FAMED BOYS' SCHOOL, SAID CLOSED-DOOR DISCUSSIONS HAD DISCLOSED AN UNUSUAL DEGREE OF DIFFERENCE DETWEEN BRITISH AND GERMAN VIEWPOINTS BUT THAT THE TALKS HAD AT LEAST CONTRIBUTED TO BETTER UNDERSTANDING.

BIRLEY REPORTED THE BRITISH COULD NOT UNDERSTAND WHY THE GERMANS WERE NOT PREPARED NOW TO ACCEPT THE FACT THEIR FORMER EASTERN TERRITORIES, OCCUPIED BY THE POLES AND RUSSIANS, ARE LOST FOREVER. GERMAN MEMBERS OF THE DISCUSSION GROUP, HE SAID, REPLIED THAT IT WAS IMPOSSIBLE TO RENOUNCE GERMAN TERRITORY AND THAT SETTLEMENT OF THE FRONTIERS MUST AWAIT A FINAL PEACE TREATY.

JA934PES

A144 (320)

NEW YORK, MARCH 27 (AP)-A NATIONAL BROADCASTING CO. "SUNDAY SHOWCASE" TELEVISION SHOW DEPICTING THE LIFE OF IRA HAYES TONIGHT CALLED THE FAMED WORLD WAR II FLAG-RAISING PICTURE ON IWO JIMA "A PHONY."

HAYES, ONE OF THE SIX MARINES PICTURED RAISING THE FLAG, WAS QUOTED IN THE SHOW AS SAYING:

"THEY'D TAKEN ABOUT 10,000 PICTURES THAT DAY...EVERYBODY KNEW IT WAS A PHONY. EVERYBODY ON THE ISLAND WAS LAUGHING ABOUT THAT PHONY FLAG-

RAISING PICTURE."
THE PHOTOGRAPH, TAKEN BY ASSOCIATED PRESS PHOTOGRAPHER JOE ROSENTHAL, RECEIVED WORLDWIDE ACCLAIM AND A 1945 PULITZER PRIZE.
THE ASSOCIATED PRESS SAID IN A STATEMENT THAT ANY SUGGESTION THAT ROSENTHAL'S IWO JIMA FLAG RAISING PICTURE IS A "PHONY" HAS NOT THE SLIGHTEST FOUNDATION IN FACT.
THERE WERE TWO FLAG RAISINGS ON IWO JIMA THAT DAY, THE AP SAID, ONE BY A MARINE PATROL ON THE MORNING OF FEB. 23, 1945. A FEW HOURS LATER, WITH BULLETS STILL WHINING ON THE MOUNTAIN, COMPANY E, SECOND BATTALION, 28TH MARINES, REPLACED THE SMALL ORIGINAL FLAG WITH A LARGER ONE. IT WAS THIS SECOND FLAGRAISING THAT JOE ROSENTHAL PHOTOGRAPHED. ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES REPORTED BOTH FLAG RAISINGS.
THE ASSOCIATED PRESS STATEMENT SAID:
"IGNORANCE IN SOME QUARTERS OF THE FACT THAT THERE WERE TWO SO-CALLED FLAGRAISINGS ON FEB.23, 1945, AT FIRST LED TO SOME CONFUSION. ROSENTHAL DID NOT POSE THE MEN TO GET HIS FAMOUS PICTURE, KNOR DID HE SUGGEST THAT MARINES RAISE A SECOND FLAG.
"IN FACT, ROSENTHAL HAD NO INKLING THAT THE PICTURE HE TOOK WOULD BECOME HISTORIC. HE WAS SIMPLY A GOOD PHOTOGRAPHER TAKING A PICTURE OF THE RAISING OF A FLAG TO MARK THE SUCCESSFUL FINISH OF A BLOODY BATTLE."
ROSENTHAL, A SAN FRANCISCO CHRONICLE PHOTOGRAPHER SINCE 1946, SAID:
"I'M GRATEFUL TO THE AP FOR THEIR ACCURATE STATEMENT INSOFAR AS MY PARTICIPATION IS CONCERNED."
AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE HAYES TV STORY, NBC SAID THE SHOW IN NO WAY DETRACTED FROM THE FLAG-RAISING PHOTOGRAPH "TAKEN WITHIN HOURS" AFTER THE FIRST FLAG HAD BEEN RAISED ON IWO JIMA.
AUTHOR WILLIAM BRADFORD HUIE HAD SOUGHT A FEDERAL INJUNCTION TO STOP NBC FROM SHOWING THE HAYES' STORY, CLAIMING THE NETWORK HAD STOLEN MATERIAL FROM HIS COPYRIGHTED WORK.
NBC SAID THE TV STORY WAS AN INDEPENDENT WORK BY MERLE MILLER. A FEDERAL JUDGE SAW A PRIVATE SCREENING OF THE SHOW AND DENIED THE INJUNCTION.
HAYES, A PIMA INDIAN, DIED IN 1955 OF ALCOHOLISM AND EXPOSURE ON AN ARIZONA INDIAN RESERVATION.
JA1027PES

A132 (160)
SEOUL, SOUTH KOREA, MONDAY, MARCH 28 (AP)-PRESIDENT SYNGMAN RHEE EXPRESSED HOPE TODAY THE UNITED STATES WILL SUPPLY THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA WITH NUCLEAR-TYPE WEAPONS.
IN A STATEMENT REPLYING TO QUESTIONS SUBMITTED BY THE U.S. ARMED FORCES NEWSPAPER PACIFIC STARS AND STRIPES, THE SOUTH KOREAN LEADER SAID:
"UNITED STATES MILITARY AUTHORITIES HAVE RECENTLY SAID THAT THE UNITED NATIONS FORCES WILL RECEIVE MISSILES AND OTHER WEAPONS THAT WILL LESSEN WEAKNESSES, ESPECIALLY OF THE TWO AMERICAN DIVISIONS IN KOREA.
"IN OTHER WORDS, WE ARE MAKING PROGRESS AND PRESUMABLY CUTTING DOWN ON THE MILITARY PREPONDERANCE THAT HAD BEEN GAINED BY THE COMMUNISTS. THE FASTER WE CAN DO SO THE BETTER FOR THE SECURITY OF KOREA AND NORTHEAST ASIA."
RHEE'S REPLY WAS IN ANSWER TO THE QUESTION: "DO YOU FEEL THE ROK ARMED FORCES HAVE ADEQUATE EQUIPMENT, SUPPLIES AND MODERN WEAPONS TO CARRY ON SUSTAINED WARFARE SHOULD THE NORTH KOREANS LAUNCH ANOTHER INVASION?"
ASKED IF "KOREA WILL BE GETTING ATOMIC WEAPONS," RHEE SAID..."WE HOPE THAT IN THE FUTURE THE U.S. WILL MAKE NUCLEAR-CAPABLE WEAPONS AVAILABLE TO OUR FRONTLINE UNITS."
JA941PES

A8
CALCUTTA, INDIA, MARCH 27 (AP)-NEPAL'S PRIME MINISTER B. P. KOIRALA, EN ROUTE HOME AFTER SIGNING A BORDER AGREEMENT IN PEIPING, SAID TODAY HE FOUND THE CHINESE REDS IN A COMPROMISING MOOD.
KOIRALA TOLD NEWSMEN HIS AGREEMENT WITH CHINESE PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI SHOULD PROVIDE A GOOD BACKGROUND FOR SETTLEMENT OF THE INDIAN-CHINESE FRONTIER DISPUTE WHEN PRIME MINISTER NEHRU AND CHOU MEET IN NEW DELHI APRIL 19.
KOIRALA SAID HE FOUND THE RED CHINESE LEADERS IN A COMPROMISING MOOD TOWARD THEIR NEIGHBORS. THEY "CONFESSED TO ME THEY ARE SO TAKEN UP WITH INTERNAL PROBLEMS THAT THEY CANNOT LOOK BEYOND THEIR OWN FRONTIERS," HE ADDED.
GG1211PES

B21 Q (220)
NEW DELHI, INDIA, MARCH 27 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER NEHRU TODAY ASKED INDIA'S BIG BUSINESS TO HELP MEET DANGERS FROM ACROSS THE FRONTIERS WITH COMMUNIST CHINA BY ACCELERATING THIS COUNTRY'S ECONOMIC AND INDUSTRIAL POTENTIAL.
HE WAS INAUGURATING THE ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE FEDERATION OF INDIAN CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY, WITH NEARLY 1,000 OF THE NATION'S LEADING BANKERS, FINANCIERS AND INDUSTRIALISTS PARTICIPATING. NEHRU TOLD THEM:
"THE HIMALAYAN FRONTIER, WHICH HAS BEEN QUITE PASSIVE AND ALMOST DEAD FOR CENTURIES HAS SUDDENLY BECOME NOT MERELY LIVE, BUT BRISTLING WITH DANGERS.
"IT IS SOMETHING NEW, BUT NOT TEMPORARY, IMPSING ON US ALL KINDS OF BURDENS AND OBLIGATIONS.
"HOW HEAVY THAT BURDEN WILL BE THE FUTURE ALONE WILL SHOW, BUT WE MUST MEET IT NOT BY ANGRY AND PASSIONATE WORDS BUT BY PREPARING OURSELVES AND OUR NATION TO FACE IT WITH INCREASED ECONOMIC AND INDUSTRIAL ADVANCE."
TURNING TO DOMESTIC AND SOCIAL MATTERS, NEHRU SAID:
"I DISLIKE THE VULGARITY OF THE RICH AS MUCH AS I DISLIKE THE POVERTY OF THE POOR--BOTH ARE BAD, BOTH ARE DEGRADING.
"MY SOCIALISM IS NOT DOGMATIC BUT DYNAMIC, IN THAT I WANT EVERY INDIVIDUAL--EVEN THE MEANEST AND LOWEST AMONG US--GETTING EQUAL CHANCES IN LIFE.
"I DO NOT BELIEVE IN MANY THINGS HAPPENING IN COMMUNIST COUNTRIES, INCLUDING THEIR REGIMENTATION AND MEANS OF ACHIEVING THEIR IDEALS.
"I AM CONVINCED SOCIALISM MUST BE THE IDEAL OF EVERY HUMANE PERSON AND EVERY HUMANE GROUP."
PS612PES

End March 27, 1960